## May 15, 2024

The Honorable Patrick McHenry Chairman House Committee on Financial Services 2129 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Maxine Waters Ranking Member House Committee on Financial Services 4340 O'Neill House Office Building Washington, DC 20024

RE: Opposition to Provision in H.R. 8337 that would Increase Main Street and Consumer Prices by \$4-5 Billion

Dear Chairman McHenry and Ranking Member Waters:

The Merchants Payments Coalition<sup>1</sup> (MPC) writes to express our strong opposition to H.R. 8337, Bank Resilience and Regulatory Improvement Act, a bill that would increase asset thresholds at which certain regulatory requirements apply to financial institutions. Our opposition is due to Section 101(b) of the bill, which would exempt all financial institutions with assets of up to \$50 billion from Federal Reserve Regulation II. Regulation II places reasonable limits on debit interchange fees that Visa and Mastercard centrally price-fix on behalf of card-issuing financial institutions and that merchants are required to pay on every debit card transaction. Although we take no position on the other provisions of H.R. 8337, the MPC opposes the legislation as long as Section 101(b) is included,

There is no justifiable need to change the asset threshold for Regulation II, and there are several compelling reasons not to do it. First, Regulation II only applies to fees that financial institutions allow Visa and Mastercard to price-fix on their behalf. Any financial institution, no matter its size, can set its own interchange fee rates and not be subject to <u>any</u> regulatory limits. But when card-issuing banks engage in collective interchange price-setting through Visa and Mastercard, market competition between banks over fee rates is absent and the rates rise to excessive levels. This failure of marketplace competition is why Congress acted in 2010 to direct the Federal Reserve to place reasonable limits on debit interchange fees. Visa and Mastercard continue to this day to centrally price-fix interchange rates on behalf of their card-issuing financial institutions, and as long as this market failure still exists, Congress should not roll back Regulation II's limits.

Second, H.R. 8337 would exacerbate inflation at the checkout counter and at the gas pump. Interchange fees are deducted from the transaction amounts that merchants receive when cards are used. Absent regulation, debit fees are nearly as large as retailers' entire net profit margins, meaning that retail prices must rise to make up for the fee amounts that are deducted or Main Street businesses will go bankrupt. Regulation II provides that if card issuers with over \$10 billion in assets allow Visa or Mastercard to fix debit interchange fees on their behalf, the fees must be reasonable and proportional to the cost incurred by the issuer with respect to the debit transaction. The average per-transaction cost for issuers currently subject to Regulation II is 3.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Merchants Payments Coalition is a group of retailers, supermarkets, restaurants, drug stores, convenience stores, gas stations, online merchants, and other businesses focused on reforming the U.S. payments system to make it more transparent and competitive. MPC firmly believes in opening up the payments market and introducing competition, which in turn would lower costs and drive innovation. Learn more at <u>Home - Merchants Payments</u> <u>Coalition</u>.

cents, and Regulation II allows those issuers to receive a generous 23-24 cents per transaction in debit interchange. That means under the regulation, the average debit transaction nets banks a profit of 500 percent over cost. Even bankers should be ashamed of complaining that 500 percent profits are not enough when retailers' average profits are 3 percent.

Of course, card issuers that have under \$10 billion in assets are exempt from Regulation II and are allowed to have Visa and Mastercard fix their fees without regulatory limits; those issuers currently receive debit interchange fees averaging 64 cents for signature debit transactions. H.R. 8337 would make several dozen large financial institutions with assets between \$10 billion and \$50 billion exempt from Regulation II, meaning they would be able to deduct dramatically more interchange fees that merchants and ultimately consumers would have to pay (even though those banks' costs would not have increased). This would produce an enormous windfall for several dozen banks while burdening all merchants and consumers with higher costs and prices. An MPC economic analysis calculates that H.R. 8337 would result in \$4 to 5 billion per year in increased debit interchange fees that merchants and their customers would bear.

Third, H.R. 8337 would significantly increase the interchange fees that merchants must pay to dozens of large banks while doing nothing to stop those banks from increasingly shifting the burden of debit fraud losses onto merchants and consumers. Since Regulation II was created, card issuers have become extremely efficient at working with Visa and Mastercard to charge back merchants for fraud losses when they occur—in 2009 large debit card issuers bore 61 percent of debit fraud losses, but in 2021 they bore only 33 percent of those losses. And, concerningly, between 2009 and 2021 Visa, Mastercard, and their card issuers shifted more fraud losses onto cardholding consumers. In 2009, consumers paid 0.5 percent of debit fraud losses but they paid 19.5 percent of those losses in 2021. Given that merchants and consumers now pay significantly more for debit fraud losses than card issuers do, requiring those merchants and consumers to pay higher interchange without doing any rebalancing of how fraud losses are allocated does not make sense.

In short, Visa, Mastercard and their large card-issuing banks have structured the interchange fee system to avoid competitive market pressures. As a result of this broken market, Congress had to step in to place reasonable limits on debit interchange fees for the sake of Main Street merchants and their customers. But Visa, Mastercard and large card issuers continue to dominate the debit market and maintain centralized interchange fee-fixing, and Regulation II's reasonable limits are therefore still needed to keep excessive fees in check. Changing the asset threshold for Regulation II while leaving the underlying market failure of centrally-fixed interchange rates unaddressed would be the wrong policy choice.

H.R. 8337 would reward price-fixing, expand bank profit margins that already average 500 percent, and stick Main Street and consumers with \$4-5 billion in increased prices. It would drive inflation up at exactly the wrong time.

We would be happy to work with each of you and with the Committee on legislation to bring more competition to the payment card market. But H.R. 8337 represents the wrong approach, and because of Section 101(b) we oppose that legislation. We look forward to continued engagement with you on issues involving the payment card market.

Sincerely,

American Beverage Licensees American Booksellers Association Coalition of Franchisee Associations **Energy Marketers of America** FMI - The Food Industry Association Franchisee Business Services Independent Restaurant Coalition International Franchise Association Merchant Advisory Group Merchants Payments Coalition Middle Atlantic College Store Association National Association of Convenience Stores National Association of College Stores National Association of Theatre Owners National Council of Chain Restaurants National Franchisee Association National Grocers Association National Lumber & Building Material Dealers Association National Restaurant Association National Retail Federation National Small Business Association (NSBA) National Sporting Goods Association NATSO, Representing America's Travel Centers and Truck Stops Northwest College Bookstore Association **Retail Industry Leaders Association** SIGMA: America's Leading Fuel Marketers Workplace Solutions Association Mid-Atlantic Petroleum Distributors' Association New England Convenience Store & Energy Marketer Association Northeast Campus Stores Association Rocky Mountain Skyline Bookstore Association SAASOA Southwest College Bookstore Association Tri-State Bookstore Association (MN, ND, SD) Western Petroleum Marketers Association Alabama Beverage Licensees Association Alabama Grocers Association Alabama Restaurant & Hospitality Association Alabama Retail Association Petroleum & Convenience Marketers of Alabama (P&CMA) Alaska Cabaret, Hotel, Restaurant & Retailers Association Alaska Fuel Storage & Handlers Alliance, Inc. (AFSHA)

Arizona Petroleum Marketers Association (APMA) Arizona Restaurant Association Arizona Retailers Association Arkansas Grocers and Retail Merchants Association Arkansas Oil Marketers Association (AOMA) Arkansas Restaurant Association United Beverage Retailers of Arkansas California Fuels + Convenience Alliance California Grocers Association California Restaurant Association California Retailers Association Coloradans for S.A.F.E.T.Y. Colorado Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association Colorado Restaurant Association Colorado Retail Council Connecticut Energy Marketers Association (CEMA) **Connecticut Food Association Connecticut Package Stores Association Connecticut Restaurant Association** Delaware Association of Chain Drug Stores Delaware Food Industry Council Delaware Restaurant Association Delaware Small Beverage License Council Restaurant Association of Metropolitan Washington Florida Independent Spirits Association Florida Petroleum Marketers Association, Inc. Florida Restaurant & Lodging Association Georgia Alcohol Dealers Association Georgia Food Industry Association Georgia Oilmen's Association Georgia Restaurant Association Hawaii Energy Marketers Association Hawaii Food Industry Association Hawai'i Restaurant Association Idaho Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association Idaho Restaurant & Lodging Association Idaho Retailers Association Illinois Fuel & Retail Association Illinois Licensed Beverage Association **Illinois Restaurant Association** Illinois Retail Merchants Association Indiana Association of Beverage Retailers Indiana Food & Fuel Association

Indiana Restaurant & Lodging Association Indiana Retail Council Fuellowa Iowa Grocery Industry Association Iowa Restaurant Association Iowa Retail Federation Kansas Restaurant & Hospitality Association Fuel True: Independent Energy and Convenience Kentucky Association of Beverage Retailers Kentucky Grocers & Convenience Store Association Kentucky Petroleum Marketers Association Kentucky Restaurant Association Kentucky Retail Federation Louisiana Oil Marketers and Convenience Store Association Louisiana Restaurant Association Louisiana Retailers Association Hospitality Maine Maine Energy Marketers Association Maine Grocers & Food Producers Association **Retail Association of Maine** Maryland Retailers Alliance Maryland State Licensed Beverage Association Restaurant Association of Maryland Massachusetts Food Association Massachusetts Package Stores Association Massachusetts Restaurant Association Retailers Association of Massachusetts Michigan Association of College Stores Michigan Petroleum Association/Michigan Association of Convenience Stores Michigan Restaurant & Lodging Association Michigan Retailers Association **Fueling Minnesota** Hospitality Minnesota Minnesota Grocers Association Minnesota Service Station & Convenience Store Association Mississippi Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Stores Association Mississippi Hospitality and Restaurant Association Missouri Grocers Association Missouri Petroleum & Convenience Association Missouri Restaurant Association Missouri Retailers Association Montana Equipment Dealers Association

Montana Petroleum Marketers and Convenience Store Association Montana Restaurant Association Montana Retail Association Montana Tavern Association Nebraska Grocery Industry Association Nebraska Hospitality Association Nebraska Retail Federation Nebraska Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Store Association Nevada Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Store Association Nevada Restaurant Association New Hampshire Grocers Association New Hampshire Lodging & Restaurant Association New Hampshire Retail Association Fuel Merchants Association of New Jersey New Jersey Food Council New Jersey Liquor Stores Alliance New Jersey Restaurant & Hospitality Association New Mexico Petroleum Marketers Association New Mexico Restaurant Association Empire State Energy Association, Inc. Food Industry Alliance of New York State New York Association of Convenience Stores New York Retailers Alliance New York State Liquor Store Association New York State Restaurant Association Retail Association of Nevada College Stores Association of North Carolina North Carolina Petroleum & Convenience Marketers (NCPCM) North Carolina Restaurant & Lodging Association North Carolina Retail Merchants Association North Dakota Hospitality Association North Dakota Petroleum Marketers Association **Ohio Association of College Stores** Ohio Energy and Convenience Association Ohio Restaurant & Hospitality Alliance **Oklahoma Grocers Association** Oklahoma Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Store Association Oklahoma Restaurant Association Retail Liquor Association of Oklahoma Oregon Fuels Association – OFA Oregon Restaurant & Lodging Association Malt Beverage Distributors Association of Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Food Merchants Association

Pennsylvania Petroleum Association Pennsylvania Restaurant & Lodging Association Puerto Rico Restaurant Association (ASORE) Energy Marketers Association of Rhode Island (EMARI) Rhode Island Hospitality Association Rhode Island Liquor Operators Collaborative ABC Stores of South Carolina South Carolina Association of College Stores South Carolina Convenience & Petroleum Marketers Association (SCCPMA) South Carolina Restaurant & Lodging Association South Carolina Retail Association South Dakota Licensed Beverage Dealers & Gaming Association South Dakota Retailers Association South Dakota Retailers - Restaurant Division Tennessee Fuel & Convenience Store Association Tennessee Grocers & Convenience Store Association Tennessee Hospitality & Tourism Association Tennessee Wine & Spirits Retailers Association Greater Houston Retailers Cooperative Association, Inc. Texas Food & Fuel Association **Texas Package Stores Association Texas Restaurant Association Texas Retailers Association** Utah Food Industry Association Utah Petroleum Marketers & Retailers Association Utah Restaurant Association Utah Retail Merchants Association Vermont Chamber of Commerce Vermont Fuel Dealers Association (VFDA) Vermont Retail & Grocers Association Virginia Food Industry Association Virginia Restaurant, Lodging & Travel Association Virginia Retail Federation Virginia Petroleum & Convenience Marketers Association (VPCMA) Washington Food Industry Association Washington Hospitality Association Washington Independent Distributors of Energy (WIDE) West Virginia Hospitality & Travel West Virginia Oil Marketers & Grocers Association Tavern League of Wisconsin Wisconsin Association of College Stores Wisconsin Fuel & Retail Association (WFRA)

Wisconsin Grocers Association Wisconsin Restaurant Association Wyoming Hospitality & Travel Coalition Wyoming Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Store Association Wyoming State Liquor Association